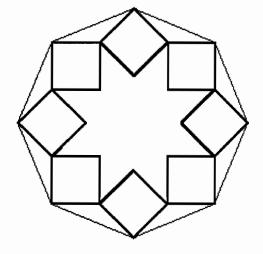
T1

This problem gives you the chance to:

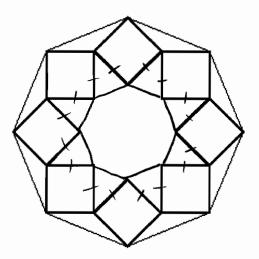
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

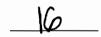
The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

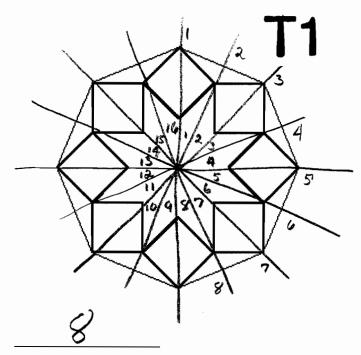


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





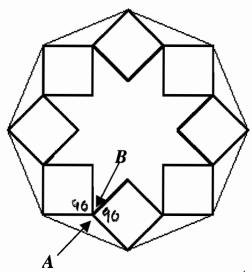
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

22.5

Explain how you know. 3 (00 = 16 is at the center

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

90+90+135=315360-315=45

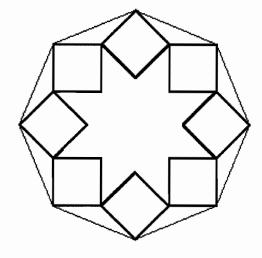
**T2** 

This problem gives you the chance to:

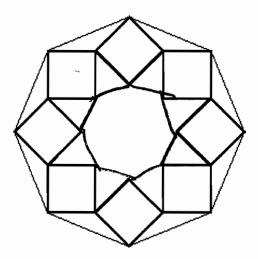
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.

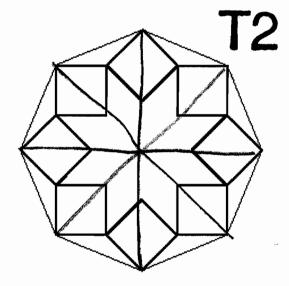


2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.

How many sides does the star have?



Page 8



How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

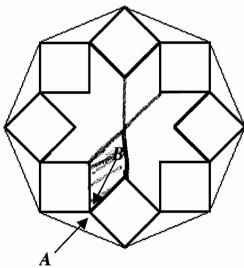
What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

450

Explain how you know.

360/8 = 45

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

45°

There is a diamond with 45 each end.

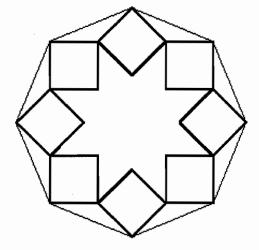
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

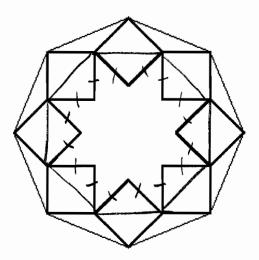
**T3** 

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

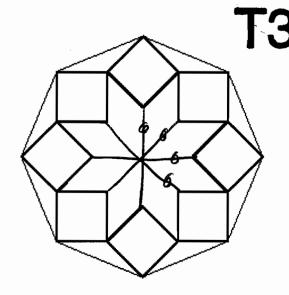


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

<u>K</u>

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

45°

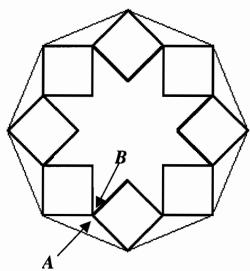
Explain how you know.

everyother line of

symnetry = 900

half of 90° = 45

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

450

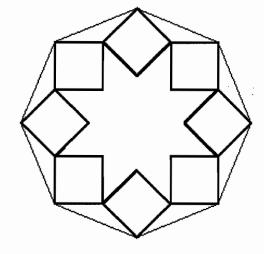
two 90° squares and the 135° from 360°

This problem gives you the chance to:

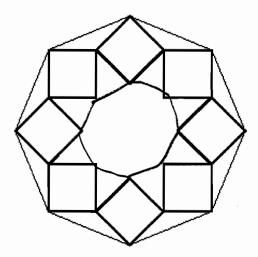
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

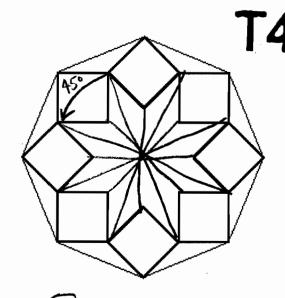


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

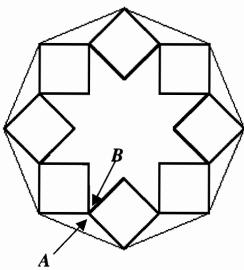
What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? Explain how you know.

450

there are 8 turns and take

340 ÷ 8 = 45°

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

65°

380 - (135 + 90 + 90)

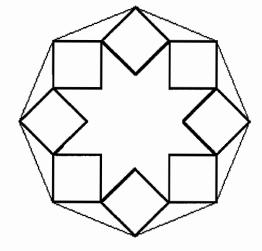
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

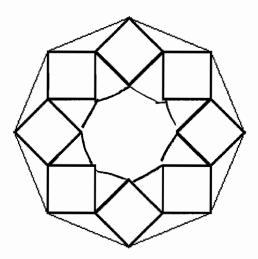
**T5** 

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

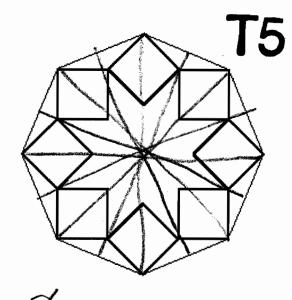


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

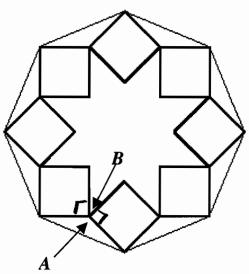
What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

22.50

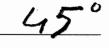
Explain how you know. I saw below that

15 45° so I % by 2

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.



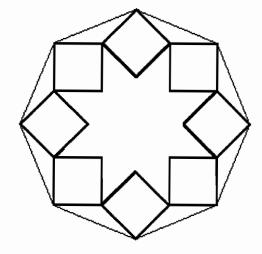
360-40-40-135

This problem gives you the chance to:

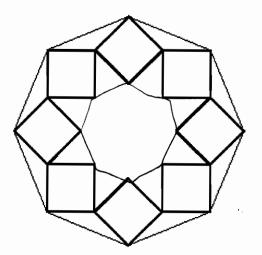
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

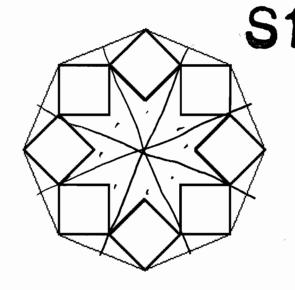
The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.



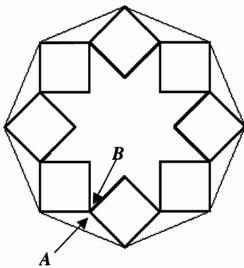
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

4

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? Explain how you know.

450

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

135 + 90 + 90 = 315

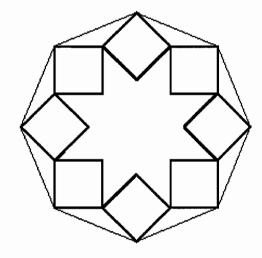
$$340 - 315 = 45$$

This problem gives you the chance to:

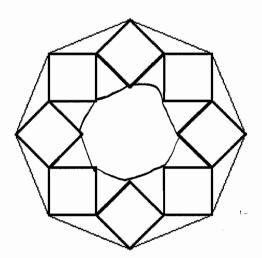
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.

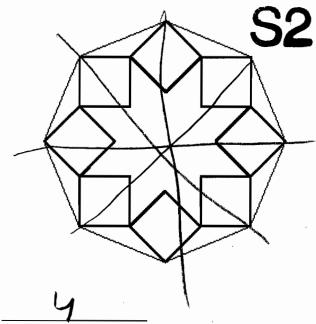


2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.

How many sides does the star have?



Page 8



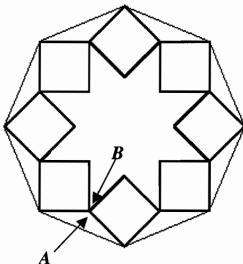
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

450

Explain how you know.  $3/2() = 9 = 45^{\circ}$ 

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

67.50

135 = 2

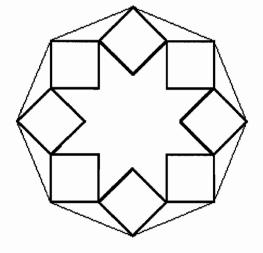
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

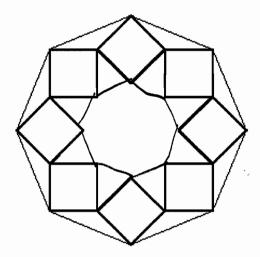
**S**3

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.

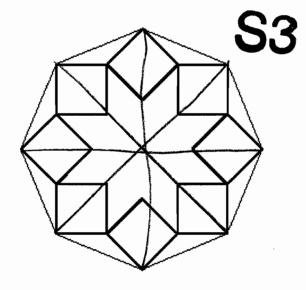


2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.

How many sides does the star have?



Page 8



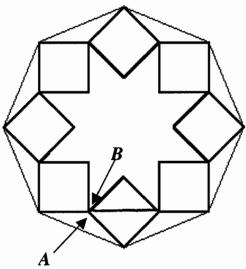
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

the next? 45°

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? Explain how you know.

360 - 8

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

450

90 - a

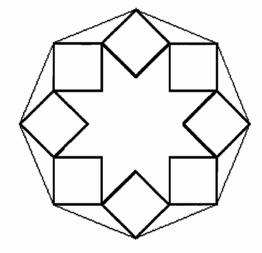
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

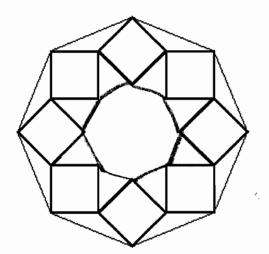
**S4** 

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

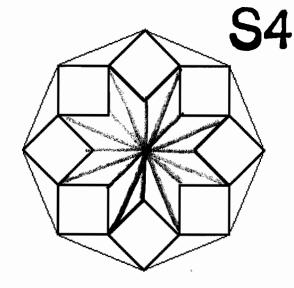


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.



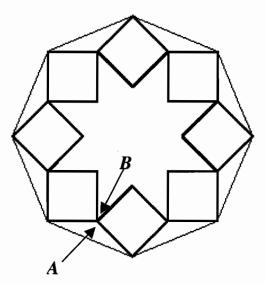


How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? Explain how you know.

the agles

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

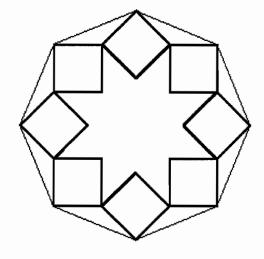
**S5** 

This problem gives you the chance to:

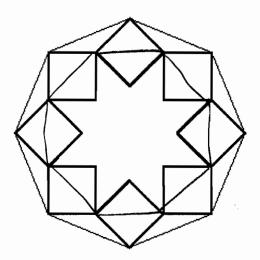
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

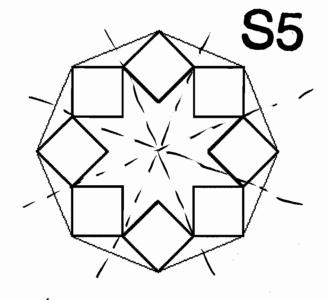


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





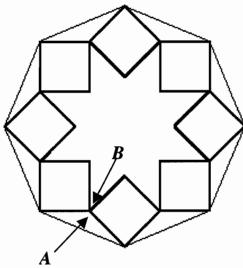
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? 45° Explain how you know.

6 Explain how you know.

6 Explain how you know.

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

360 - 325

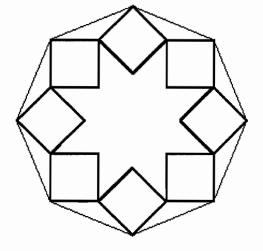
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

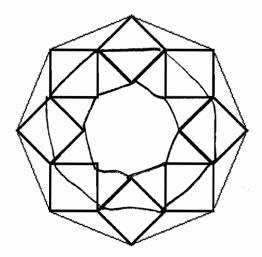
S6

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

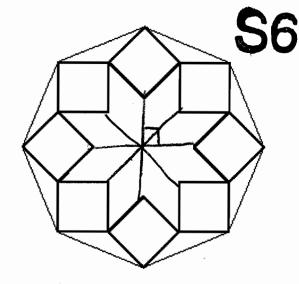


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next? Explain how you know.

Because

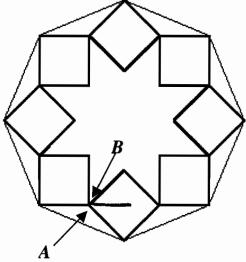
the

anyle

f /st a

st and

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

300

It is less than 900

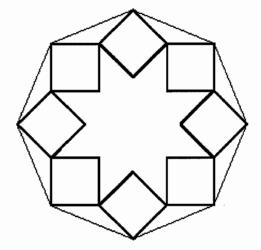
This problem gives you the chance to:

· work with patterns and shape

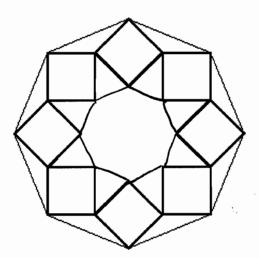
S7

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

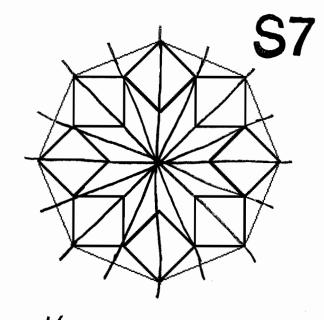


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

•

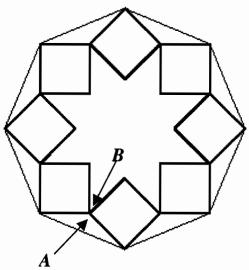
What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

200

Explain how you know.

Full Circle # of lines

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

5°

320 - (135 + 90 + 90) = 320 - 315

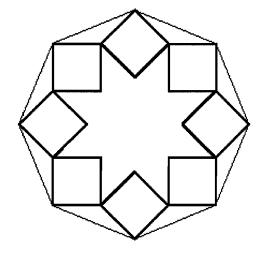
S8

This problem gives you the chance to:

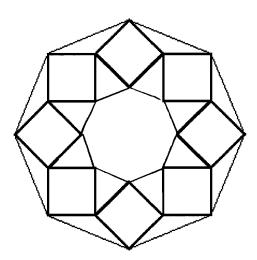
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.

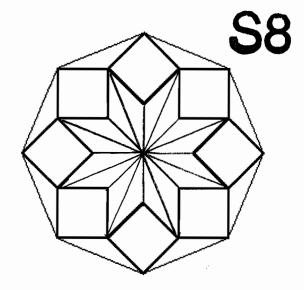


1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.





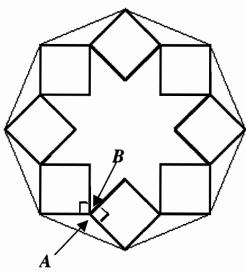
How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

Explain how you know. .

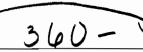
because all of the angles should equal up to 360°

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

2-90+135



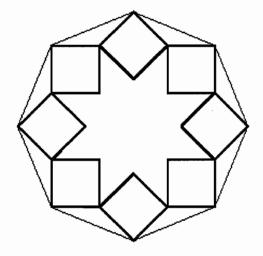
S9

This problem gives you the chance to:

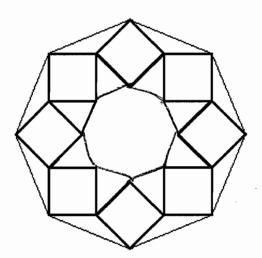
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



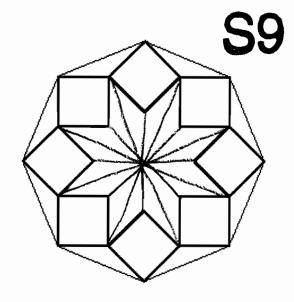
1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.

How many sides does the star have?

16 sides



How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

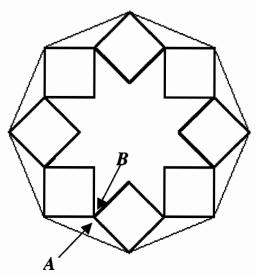
What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?

30°

Explain how you know.

x triangle is 90°

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

measured

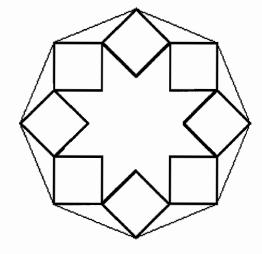
**S10** 

This problem gives you the chance to:

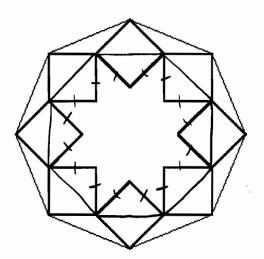
· work with patterns and shape

Here is a design for a tile in the shape of a regular octagon.

The design is made from eight squares all the same size placed symmetrically round the octagon.



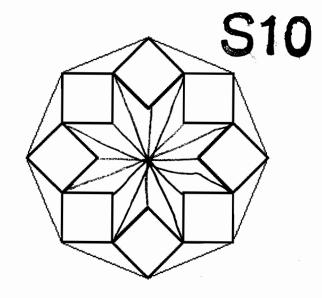
1. Join eight points in the diagram to make another regular octagon.



2. The inner sides of the squares form a 'star' in centre of the tile.

How many sides does the star have?

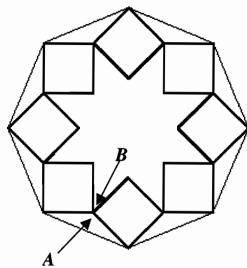
16



How many lines of symmetry does the star have?

What is the angle between each line of symmetry and the next?  $22.5^{\circ}$  Explain how you know.  $360^{\circ} \div 16$  (lines from center) =  $22.5^{\circ}$ 

4.



Angle A is 135°. Calculate the measure of angle B. Show your work.

135+90+90