

1. a. Show that $x = 2$ is a solution of the equation $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

$$(2)^3 - 2 - 6 = 8 - 2 - 6 = 8 - 8 = 0$$

b. The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$.

i Write down the coordinates of point A.

(2, 0)

ii Use the graph to explain why there is only one solution to the equation. $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

The graph crosses the x axis only once.

2. a. Find the coordinates of point B.

(0, -6)

b.

i What transformation changes the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$ into the graph of $y = x^3 - x$?

Translate 6 units up

ii Sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - x$ on the diagram.

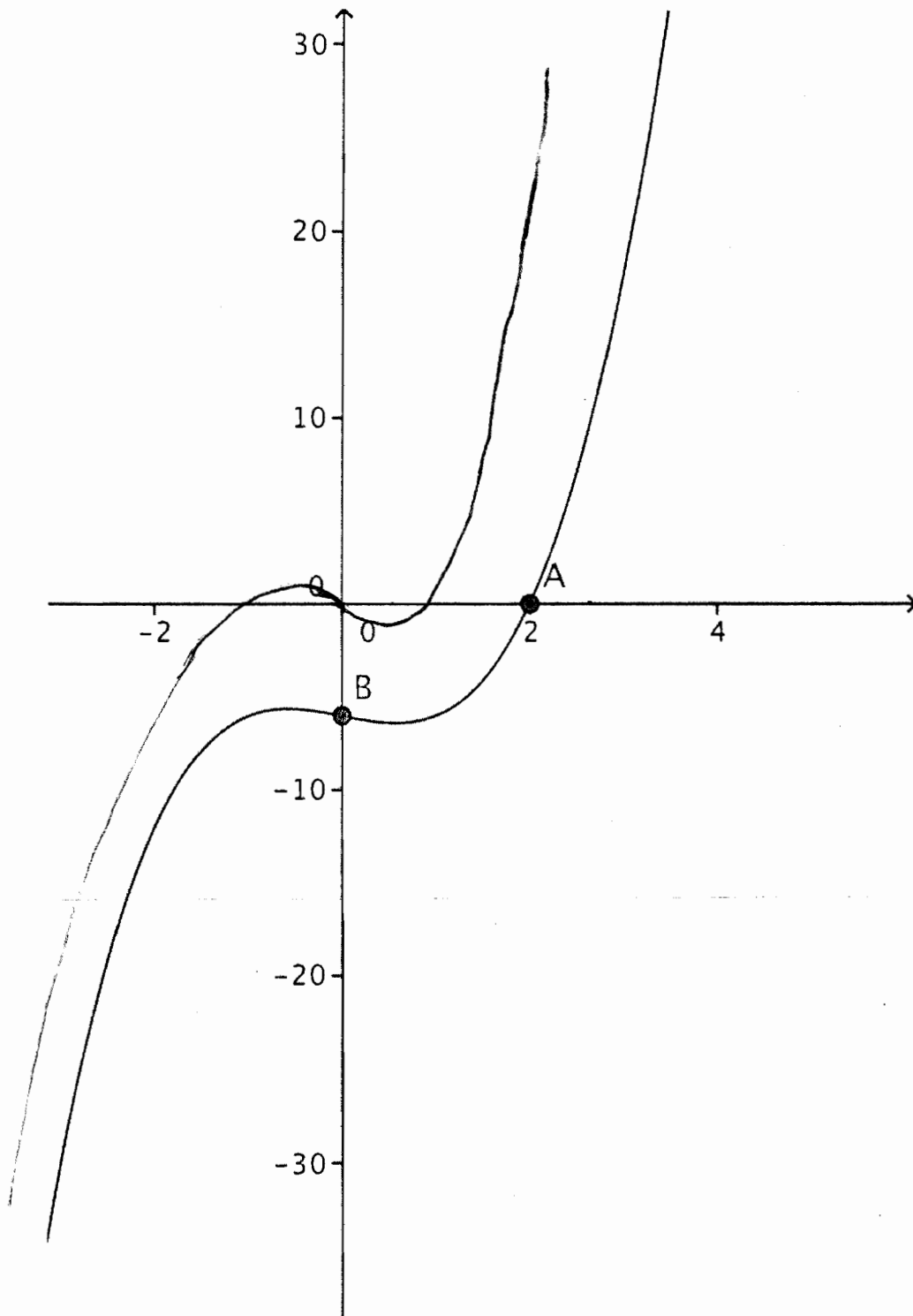
iii What are the solutions of the equation $x^3 - x = 0$?

$$x(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$x(x+1)(x-1) = 0$$

0, 1, -1

0, -1, 1



Cubic Graph

T2

1. a. Show that $x = 2$ is a solution of the equation $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

$$2^3 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$8 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

b. The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$.

i Write down the coordinates of point A.

(2, 0)

ii Use the graph to explain why there is only one solution to the equation. $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

The equation is not a parabola and only intersects the
x-axis at one point, so there is only one solution

2. a. Find the coordinates of point B.

(0, -6)

b.

i What transformation changes the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$ into the graph of $y = x^3 - x$?

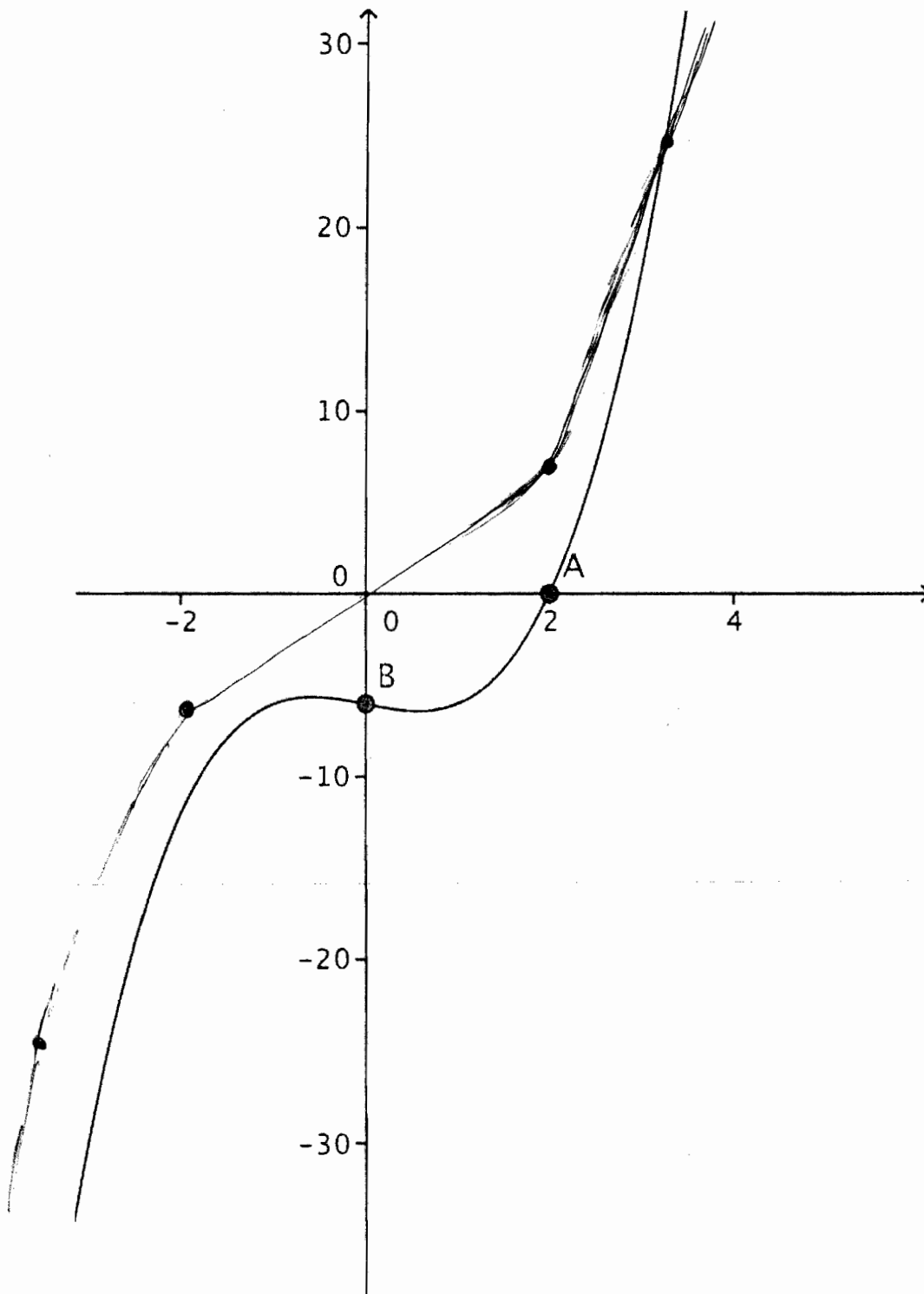
slide up 6

ii Sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - x$ on the diagram.

iii What are the solutions of the equation $x^3 - x = 0$?

$$1^3 - 1 = 0 \quad 0^3 - 0 = 0 \quad (-1)^3 + 1 = 0$$

$x = 0$



1. a. Show that $x = 2$ is a solution of the equation $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

$$x^3 - x - 6$$

$$2^3 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$8 - 2 - 6 = 0 \quad 6 - 6 = 0 \quad 0 = 0$$

b. The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$.

i Write down the coordinates of point A.

(2, 0)

ii Use the graph to explain why there is only one solution to the equation. $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

The graph crosses the x-axis only once.

2. a. Find the coordinates of point B.

(0, -6)

b.

i What transformation changes the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$ into the graph of $y = x^3 - x$?

It moves 6 units up

ii Sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - x$ on the diagram.

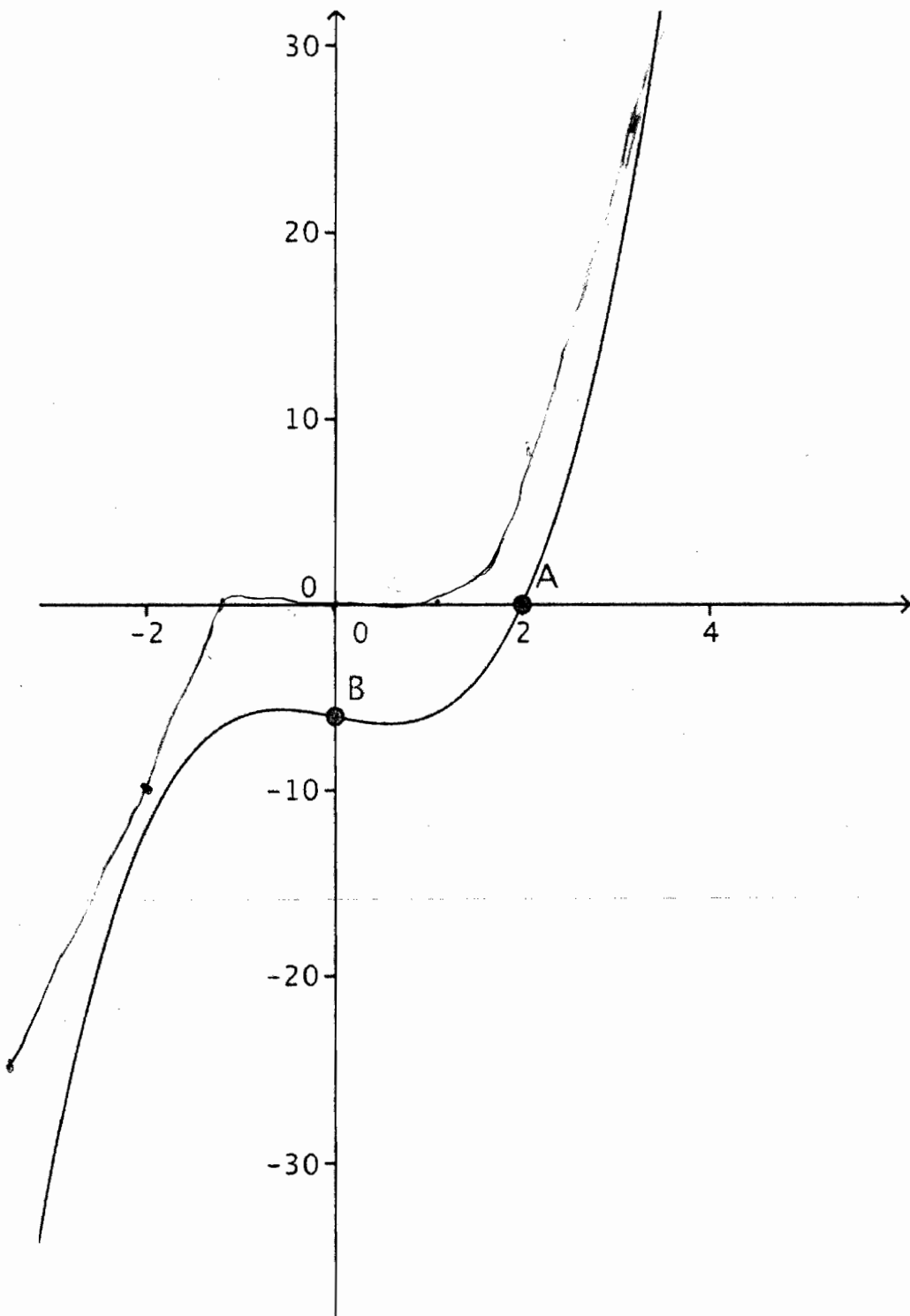
0	0	0	0
1	0	-2	-10
-1	0	2	24
		-3	-24

iii What are the solutions of the equation $x^3 - x = 0$?

$$x(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$x(x-1)(x+1) = 0$$

0, 1, -1



1. a. Show that $x = 2$ is a solution of the equation $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

$$(2)^3 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$8 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$6 - 6 = 0$$

b. The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$.

i Write down the coordinates of point A.

(2, 0)

ii Use the graph to explain why there is only one solution to the equation. $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

the line intercepts the x-axis only at one point, so there is only one
solution, one 'x' value.

2. a. Find the coordinates of point B.

$$y = 0 - 0 - 6 = 0$$

(0, -6)

b.

i What transformation changes the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$ into the graph of $y = x^3 - x$?

move the graph up by 6, all y values increase by 6, x values
remain the same

ii Sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - x$ on the diagram.

$$y = 8 - 2 = 6$$

iii What are the solutions of the equation $x^3 - x = 0$?

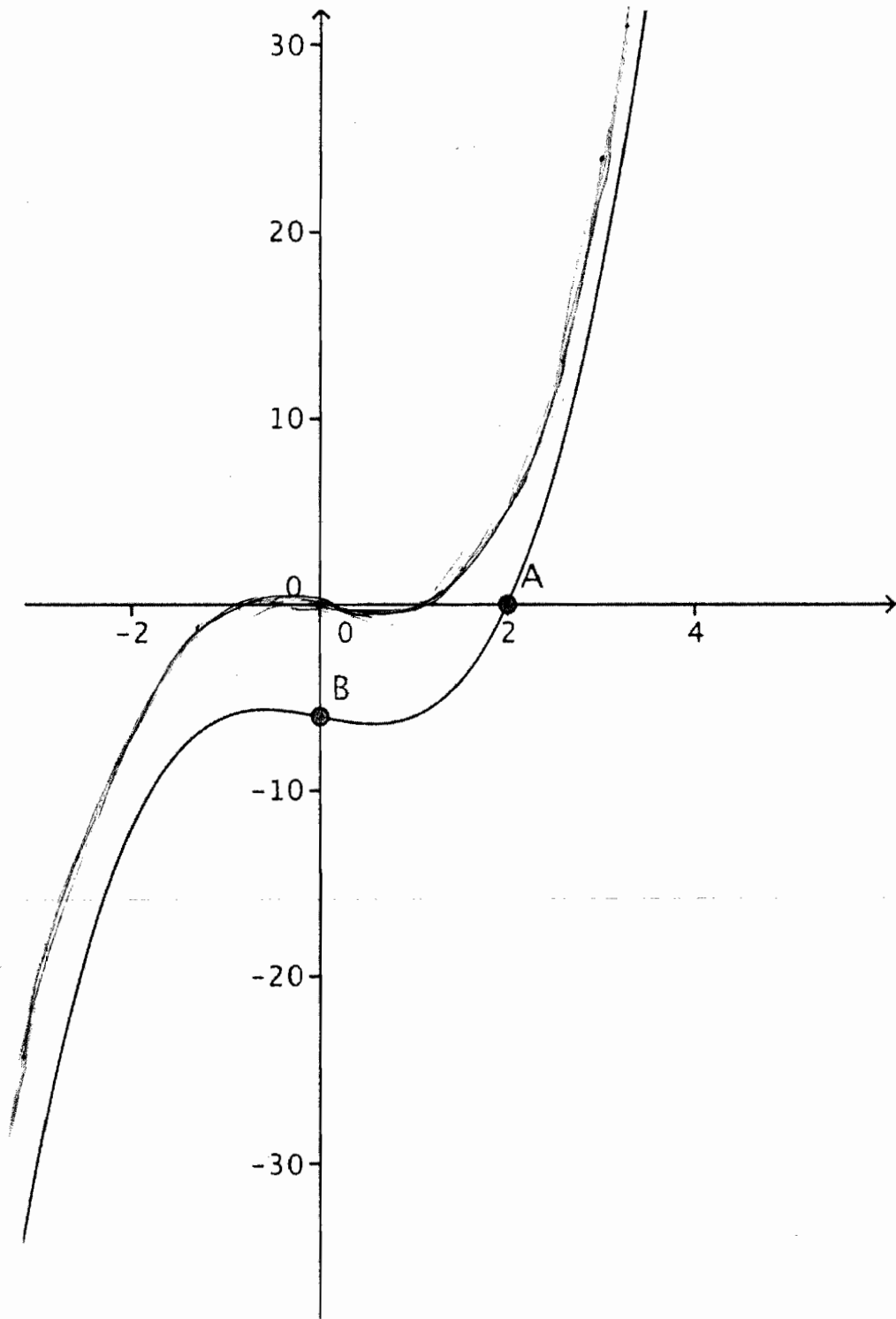
1, -1

$$x(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$(x+1)(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 1 \text{ or } -1$$



1. a. Show that $x = 2$ is a solution of the equation $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} 2^3 - 2 - 6 &= 0 \\ 8 - 2 - 6 &= 0 \\ 6 - 6 &= 0 \\ 0 &= 0 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

b. The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$.

i Write down the coordinates of point A.

(2, 0)

ii Use the graph to explain why there is only one solution to the equation. $x^3 - x - 6 = 0$.

The line passes through the x-axis only in one location.

2. a. Find the coordinates of point B.

$$\begin{aligned} 0^3 - 0 - 6 &= y \\ -6 &= y \end{aligned}$$

(0, -6)

b.

i What transformation changes the graph of $y = x^3 - x - 6$ into the graph of $y = x^3 - x$?

$y = x^3 - x - 6$ has been translated up 6 units.

ii Sketch the graph of $y = x^3 - x$ on the diagram.

(0, 0)	(-1, 0)	$\frac{6-0}{2-0}$	$\frac{0}{1}$
(1, 0)	(-2, -6)	$\frac{6-0}{2-1}$	$\frac{6}{1} = 6$
(2, 6)	(-3, -24)		
(3, 24)	(-4, -60)		
(4, 60)			

iii What are the solutions of the equation $x^3 - x = 0$?

(-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)

